#### **CLASS A: ENGLISH MATERIAL**

Dear students,

As a precaution to health concerns related to the Coronavirus, we will now proceed to conduct online instruction from home.

If you have any questions please do not hesitate to conduct us via email.

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#### **MATERIAL CREDITS:**



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Αγαπητοί μαθητές, Ως προφύλαξη για τις ανησυχίες για την υγεία που σχετίζονται με τον κορωνοϊό θα προχωρήσουμε τώρα στη διεξαγωγή διαδικτυακής διδασκαλίας από το σπίτι.

Εάν έχετε οποιεσδήποτε ερωτήσεις παρακαλώ μη διστάσετε να επικοινωνήσετε μέσω email.

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The correct answers will be posted online on Friday, the 3<sup>rd</sup>.

## **CLASS A: UNIT 1**

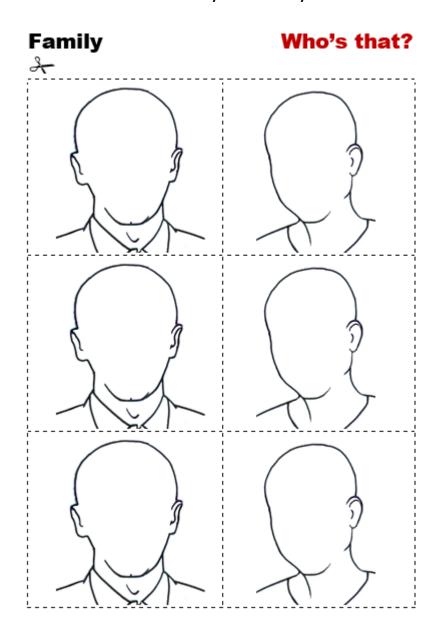
## **PEOPLE**

## **VOCABULARY:**

## **ACTIVITY 1:**

NAME:			DATE:					
FA	FAMILY							
Quest	ion: How many peop	ole ar	e there in your family?					
	<ul> <li>Complete the 15 sentences with the words on the left. Some words are used more than one time.</li> </ul>							
	<b>a</b>	1.	My son is my daughter's <u>brother</u> .					
	A B	2.	My father is my daughter's					
	· B	3.	My sister's daughter is my					
		4.	4. My wife is my son's					
	400	5.	My father's sister is my					
•		6.	My uncle's son is my					
. 1		7.	My mother is my daughter's					
	Carling	8.	My mother's brother is my					
A	aunt n.	9.	My sister's son is my					
В	brother n. cousin n.	10.	My son's mother is my					
C D	daughter n.	11.	My daughter is my son's					
F	father n.		My mother's husband is my					
G	grandfather n.							
Ū	grandmother n.	13.	My son's father is my					
н	husband n.	14.	My wife's son is my					
M	mother n.	15.	My brother's son is my					
$\mathbf{N}$	nephew n.	16.	My aunt's daughter is my					
	niece n.	47	My sister is my brother's					
S	sister n.	17.	my sister is my blother's					
	son n.	18.	My mother is my son's					
$\mathbf{U}$	uncle n.	19.	My brother is my son's					
W	wife n.	20.	My sister is my father's					

ACTIVITY 2: Draw the members of your family.



#### **ACTIVTY 3:**

## **DESCRIBING PEOPLE**

Questions: What do you look like? What kind of person are you?



Complete the 15 sentences with the words on the left.



Curly adj. friendly adj. funny adj. gray adj. G handsome adj. Н intelligent adj. Ι lazy adj.  $\mathbf{L}$ long adj. **M** middle-aged adj. naughty adj. Ν shy adj. S strong adj. tall adj. T

thin adj.  $\mathbf{W}$  wrinkled adj.

1.	One of my friends has straight hair, and another has wavy hair. But I have hair.
2.	Sometimes my brother doesn't want to do any work. He can be very sometimes.
3.	My classmate is very He loves to tell jokes at school.
4.	I'm not short, I'm
5.	l lost 10 kilograms. Now I'm
6.	She has blonde hair.
7.	My cousin likes to meet new people and make lots of friends. He's very
8.	Our young old son is very Last week he pulled our cat's tail and it ran away!
9.	My grandmother's face is quite, but I still think she is beautiful!
10.	My grandfather has a longbeard.
11.	My mother is very beautiful and my father is
12.	My uncle isn't old, but he's in his forties. He's
13.	My brother doesn't like to meet new people. He's very
14.	She has a high I.Q. She's very
15.	We exercise at the gym four days a week. We are very

### **GRAMMAR:**

## have got and have

### **Statements**

 'have got' and 'have' are used for possession (but 'have got' is more common in British English than in American English).



## have got

#### **Positive Statement**

I You We They	have		a red
He She It	has	got	car.

#### have

#### **Positive Statement**

r outere otatement					
I					
You	have				
We					
They		a red			
He		car.			
She	has				
It					

#### **Negative Statement**

I You We They	haven't	got	a red
He She It	hasn't	got	car.

### **Negative Statement**

wegative statement							
I							
You	don't						
We							
They		have	a red				
He		liave	car.				
She	doesn't						
It							

## ACTIVITY 1:

## Possession=κτήση.

NAME:		DATE:				
G	GRAMMAR QUIZ					
Н	<b>IAVE (POSSES</b>	SI	ON)			
•	Complete these sixteen sentences to sco	re you	ur knowledge of HAVE grammar.			
1.	They many different kinds of food at that restaurant. a) has b) have c) are	9.	Excuse me. I a pen. Could I please borrow your pen? a) doesn't have b) don't have c) has			
2.	many brothers and sisters in your family? a) You have b) Do you have c) You	10.	They have sandwiches and fruit for lunch. What in your lunch bag? a) do you have b) have you c) you have			
3.	(A) Does your brother have a car? (B) Yes, he a) has b) have c) does	11.	Their father a new car. He just bought it last week. a) doesn't have b) has c) have			
4.	I have the food I ordered, but I a knife and a fork. a) don't have b) doesn't have c) have	12.	Do you a few minutes to talk with me? It's very important. a) have b) doesn't have c) has			
5.	She is tall and brown hair and brown eyes. a) has b) have c) don't have	13.	(A) Does she have a good job? (B Yes, she a) does b) do c) have			
6.	I think John a pen. You can use John's pen. a) doesn't have b) have c) has	14.	How many English classes this afternoon? a) are we have b) we have c) do we have			
7.	We one more hour before the test begins. Let's study a little more! a) has b) have c) doesn't have	15.	How many legs? Do you know the answer? a) have a spider b) does a spider have c) a spider has			
8.	My uncle is very rich. He lots of money. a) has b) never have c) have	16.	(A) Do you have any pets? (B) No, a) don't b) I don't c) I don't have			
	15 - 16 = Excellent 13 - 14 = 0	Good	12 or Less = Study More!			

## **COMPARATIVES**

How do we form comparative statements? Study the grammar reference chart below.

Adjectives with one syllable: add '-er' or '-r' + 'than'						
cold nice	colder than nicer than	"In Canada, winter is colder than summer."  "Chocolate ice-cream is nicer than strawberry ice-cream."				
• Adjecti	ves with two or m	ore syllables: add 'more' + 'than'				
boring expensive						
	ves with two syllar r' + 'than'	bles that end in '-y': change '-y' to '-i' and				
early happy	earlier than happier than	"He arrived at school <mark>earlier than I</mark> did." "John looks happier than David."				
Adjectives that end with a single vowel and a consonant: double the final letter before adding 'than'						
big hot	bigger than hotter than	"Russia is bigger than Canada."  "In my country, August is hotter than January."				

NOTE: When a comparative statement is used to answer a question, it is not necessary to use 'than' if only one person, place or thing is mentioned.

Example:
(A) Which month is hotter, January or August?
(B) August is hotter.

Irregular Comparative Adjectives:

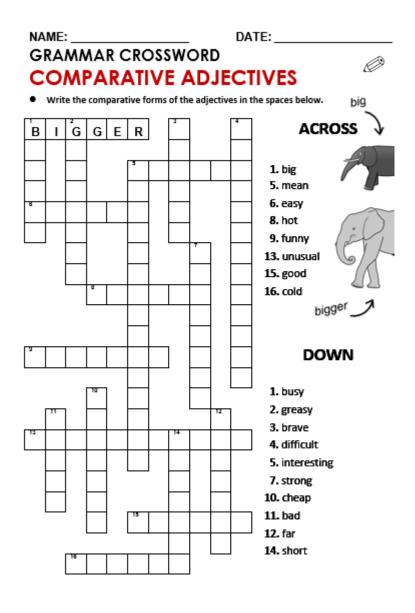
good - better than

bad – worse than far – farther than / further than

### **ACTIVITY 2:**

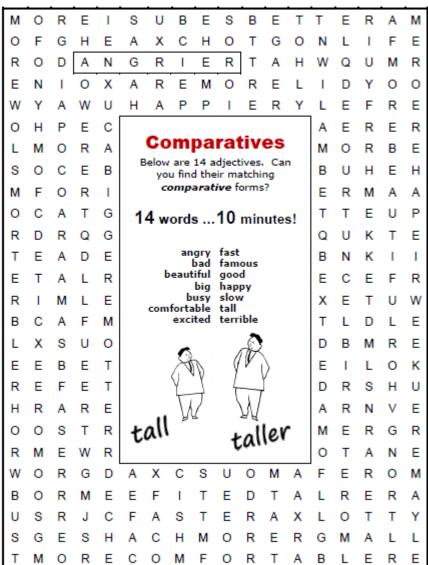
N/	AME:		DA	TE:		
_	RAMM.		RKSHEET	2		
	Adjectives with one syllable, add: '-er' or '-r' + 'than'	cold "In Canada, winter is coki <u>er</u> <u>zhan</u> summer."	Adjectives with two or more syllables, add: 'more' + 'than'	ex-pen-sive "This book is more expensive than that book."	Irregular Comparative Adjectives	
	Adjectives with two syllables that end in "-y", change "-y" to "f and add: "-er" + "than"	hap-py "John is <i>happ<u>ier than</u> David.</i> "	Adjectives that end in a single vowel and consonant: double the final letter before adding 'than'	big "Russia is big <u>ger than</u> Canada."	bad – worse than for – farther than further than	
•			te the sentences. St	•		
1.	summer / winte	r/hot_Sum	mer is hot	ter than	winter.	
2.	football / bowlin	g / exciting				
	4. weekends / weekdays / good					
	5. cats / lions / small					
	6. John / Stewart / busy					
	7. horses / cows / fast					
	B. my uncle / my aunt / funny					
	). this movie / that movie / interesting					
	). the flu / a cold / bad					
11.	the sun / the mo	oon / far				

## **ACTIVITY 3:**



#### **ACTIVITY 4:**

# GRAMMAR Word Search



Use three of the above words to compare two people or places.

## **END OF UNIT 1** <sup>(2)</sup>